

Kenton C. Ward, CFM Surveyor of Hamilton County Phone (317) 776-8495 Fax (317) 776-9628 Suite 188 One Hamilton County Square Noblesville, Indiana 46060-2230

June 24, 2013

To: Hamilton County Drainage Board

Re: Elwood Wilson Drain, Library Arm - Terry Lee Crossing Relocation

Attached is a petition and plans for the proposed relocation of the Elwood Wilson Drain, Library Arm. The relocation is being proposed by Terry Lee Crossing LLC. The proposal is to relocate the drain across parcel 11-07-32-00-00-024.000, owned by Terry Lee Crossing, LLC as part of the Terry Lee Crossing project per plans by American Structurepoint, Job No. 2012.00089, revision date May 31, 2013.

Per the plans, the Library Arm will be piped from the south side of SR32/38 to the open ditch of the Elwood Wilson Drain. This will replace both the existing swale and the 8" tile south of SR32/38.

This line will consist of the following:

668' of 42" RCP

The total length of the relocated portion of the Library Arm shall be 668 feet. The 645 feet of existing drain between Sta. 5+55 and 12+00 shall be vacated. This proposal will add 23 feet to the drain's total length.

The cost of the relocation is to be paid by Terry Lee Crossing LLC. Upon approval of the relocation, prior to construction, the developer will provide surety in the amount of 120% of the construction costs of the proposed relocation.

The easement for the relocated drain will be the statutory easement of 75' foot per half as measured from the centerline of the pipe, until such time as a non-enforcement request is approved by the Board. The non-enforcement request is expected to be submitted in the near future by the petitioner as part of the land plan for Terry Lee Crossing.

This relocation is currently being reviewed by the Drainage Board's consultant, Christopher B. Burke Engineering, Ltd., for compliance with the flood study. This relocation plan is a part of the overall master planning and design for the Terry Lee Crossing commercial development.

The project falls under the requirements as set out in IC 36-9-27-52.5. Therefore, a hearing is not required for the petition. I recommend that the Board approve the petition.

Sincerely,

Kepton C. Ward

Hamilton County Surveyor

KCW/stc

HAMILTON COUNTY DRAINAGE BOARD NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

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N RE:)
Hamilton County, Indiana)

OFFICE OF HAMILTON COUNTY SURVEYOR

	PETITION FOR RELOCATION AND RECONSTRUCTION
	Terry Lee Companies, Inc. (hereinafter Petitioner"),
hereby	petitions the Hamilton County Drainage Board for authority to relocate and improve a
section	of the Drain, and in support of
said pe	etition advises the Board that:
1.	Petitioner owns real estate through which a portion of the Elwood Wilson
	Drain runs.
2.	Petitioner plans to develop its real estate with roads, buildings, utilities, storm drains,
	sanitary sewers and other structures.
3.	Petitioner's proposed development of its real estate will require relocation and
	reconstruction of a portion of the Elwood Wilson Drain, as
	specifically shown on engineering plans and specifications filed with the Hamilton
	County Surveyor.
4.	The work necessary for the proposed relocation and reconstruction will be undertaken at
	the sole expense of the Petitioner and such work will result in substantial improvement to
	the Elwood Wilson Drain, without cost to other property owners
	on the watershed of the Drain.
5.	Proposed relocation and reconstruction will not adversely affect other land owners within
	the drainage shed.
6.	Petitioner requests approval of the proposed relocation and reconstruction under
	IC 36-9-27-52.5.
•	WHEREFORE, Petitioner requests that an Order issued from the Hamilton County
Draina	ge Board authorizing relocation and reconstruction of the Elwood Wilson -
Drain,	in conformance with applicable law and plans and specifications on file with the Hamilton
Count	y Surveyor.
	UD lost
	Signed
	Signed MD Cooke



Kenton C. Ward, CFM Surveyor of Hamilton County Phone (317) 776-8495 Fax (317) 776-9628

State 188 One Hamilton County Square Noblesville, Indiana 46060-2230

To: Hamilton County Drainage Board

February 11, 2016

Re: Elwood Wilson: Terry Lee Crossing Relocation of Library Arm

Attached are as-built, certificate of completion & compliance, and other information for Terry Lee Crossing Relocation of Library Arm. An inspection of the drainage facilities for this section has been made and the facilities were found to be complete and acceptable.

During construction, changes were made to the drain, which will alter the plans submitted with my report for this drain-dated June 24, 2013. The report was approved by the Board at the hearing held December 9, 2013. (See Drainage Board Minutes Book 15, Pages 288-289) The changes are as follows: The 668 feet of 42" RCP was shortened to 660 feet. The length of the drain due to the changes described above is now 660 feet. The existing 8" tile was removed from Sta. 5+55 to Sta. 12+00.

The drainage easement was outlined in the original report mentioned above. The following sureties were guaranteed by Western Surety Company and expired on December 14, 2013. It was replaced by a Cashier's Check which was released by the Board on its January 25, 2016 meeting.

Bond-LC No: 61789750 Amount: \$134,023.20 For: Storm Sewers

Issue Date: August 28, 2013

Check No: 11032014 Amount: \$124,166.00 For: Storm Sewers Issue Date: 11-3-2014 I recommend the Board approve the drain's construction as complete and acceptable.

Sincerely,

Kenton C. Ward, CFM

Hamilton County Surveyor

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION AND COMPLIANCE

To: Hamilton County Surveyor

Re: Terry Lee Crossing Hare Drain, Library Arm and Compensatory Storage Area As-Builts,

I hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a Registered Land Surveyor or Engineer in the State of Indiana.
- 2. I am familiar with the plans and specifications for the above referenced subdivision.
- 3. I have personally observed and supervised the completion of the drainage facilities for the above referenced subdivision.
- 4. The drainage facilities within the above referenced subdivision to the best of my knowledge, information and belief have been installed and completed in conformity with all plans and specifications.
- 5. The drainage facilities within the above referenced subdivision to the best of my knowledge, information and belief have been correctly represented on the Record Drawings, Digital Record Drawings and the Structure Data Spreadsheet.

Signature: Date: 07-21-2015	
Type or Print Name: Bradley Schrage, PE	
Business Address: 7260 Shadeland Station	
Indianapolis, IN 46256	
Telephone Number: 317-547-5580	

SEAL

11100062

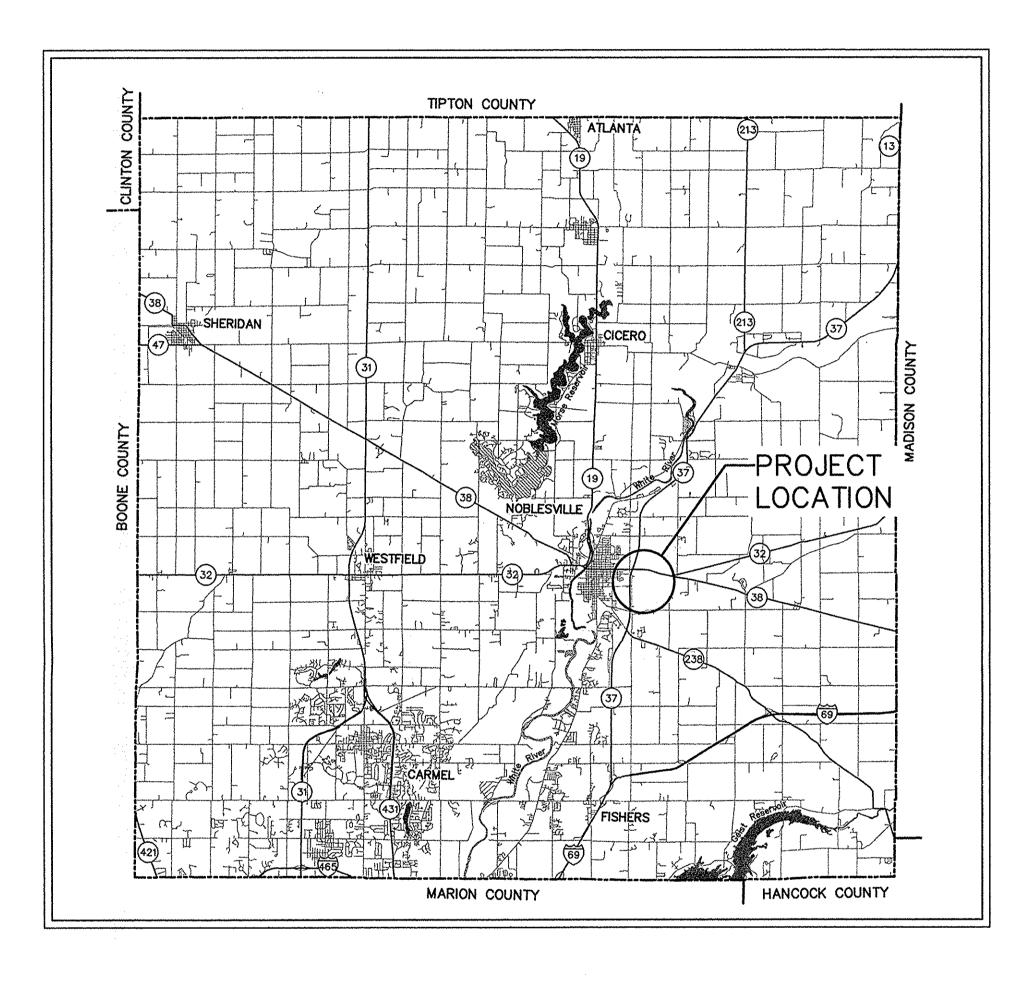
INDIANA REGISTRATION NUMBER

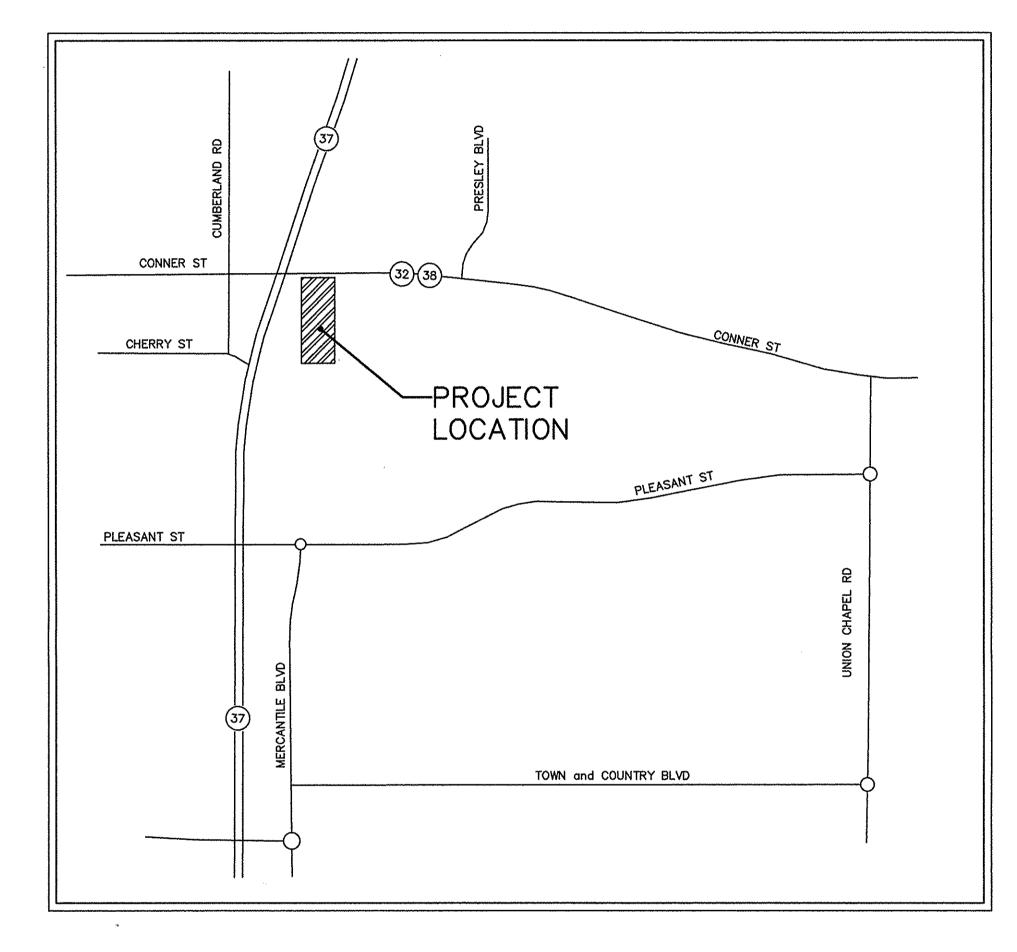
PE 11100062

CONSTRUCTION PLANS

FOR

ELWOOD WILSON LEGAL DRAIN LIBRARY ARM RELOCATION S.R. 37 @ SR. 32/38 NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA





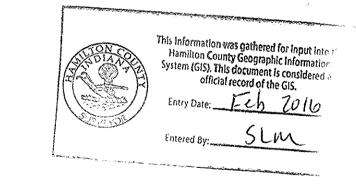
INDEX	
DESCRIPTION	SHEET No.
TITLE SHEET	C001
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY	C100
STORM SEWER - PLAN & PROFILE	C200
EROSION CONTROL PLAN	C300
EROSION CONTROL DETAILS	C301
STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN	C302
SITE DETAILS	C400

PLAN DATE: 2013/05/31

i	DATE	DESCRIPTION
		,
		·
		







JAN 0 7 2016

OFFICE OF HAMILTON COUNTY SURVEYOR

PLANS PREPARED FOR:

TERRY LEE CROSSING

8693 E. U.S. HIGHWAY 36 AVON, INDIANA

PLANS PREPARED BY:

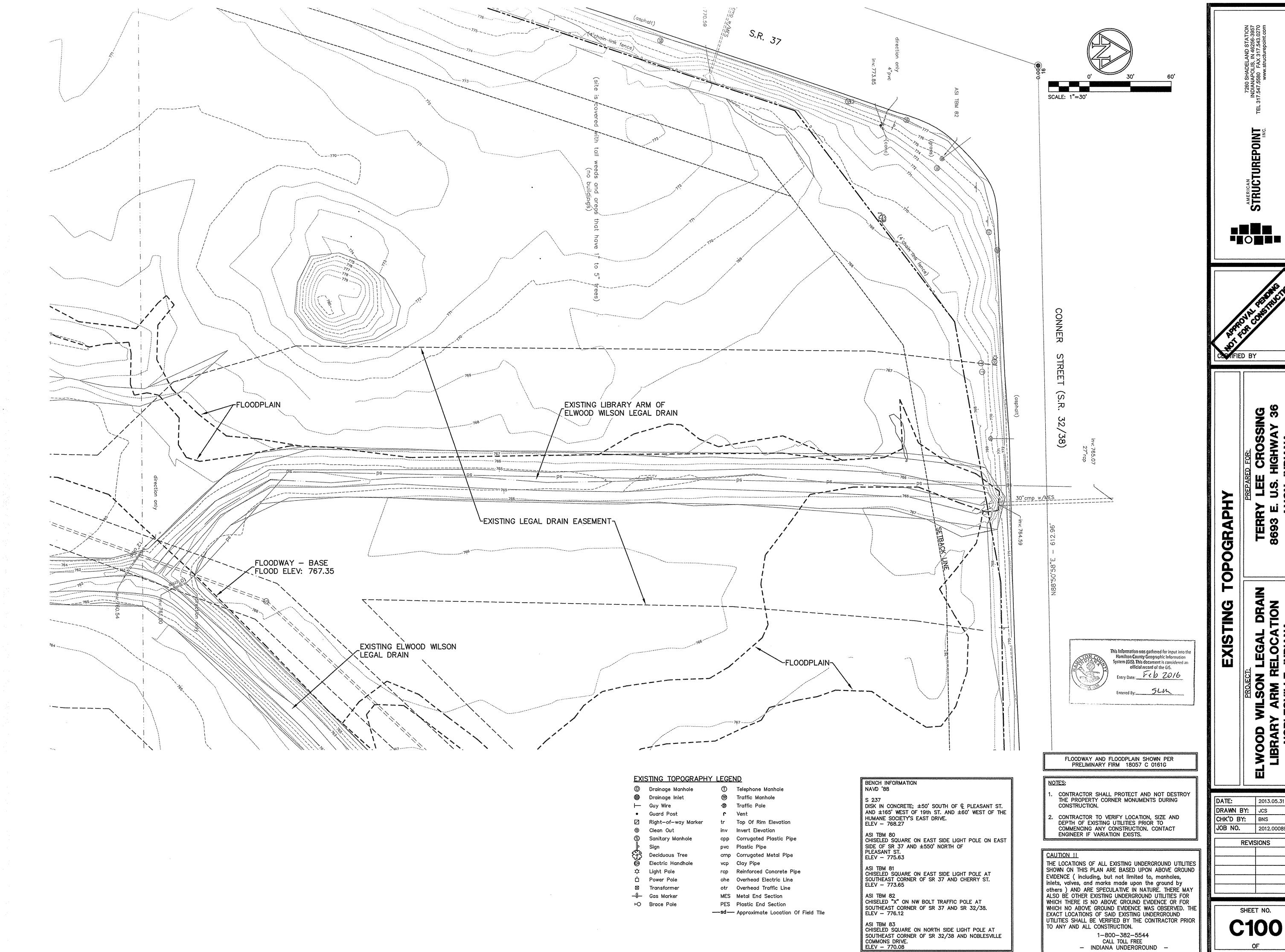






BRADLEY N. SCHRAGE, P.E.





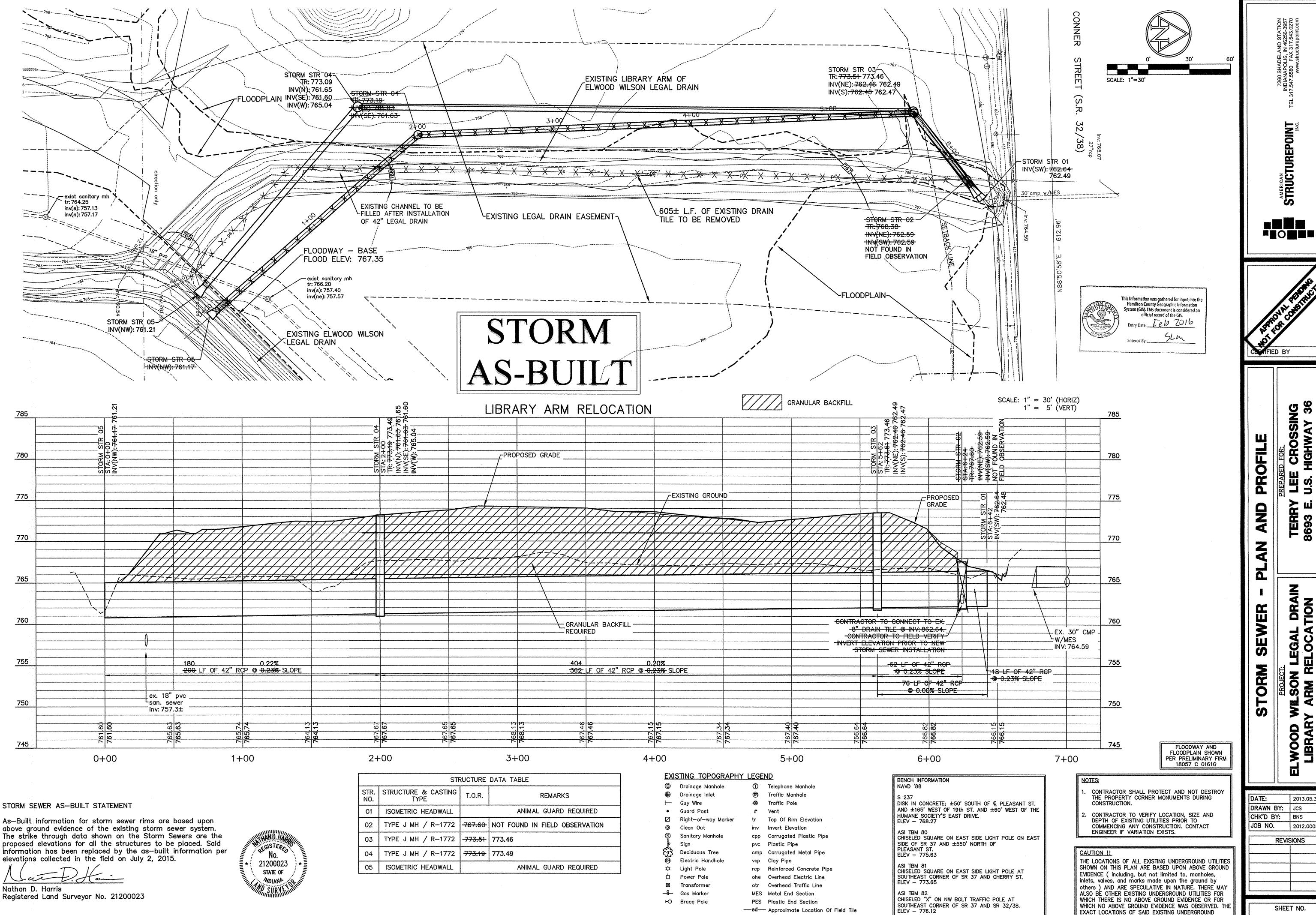
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TERRY 8693 E. AV

2013.05.31 2012.00089

REVISIONS

SHEET NO.



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ELEV - 770.08

CALL TOLL FREE INDIANA UNDERGROUND —

CHK'D BY: BNS JOB NO. 2012.00089 REVISIONS

SHEET NO.

STRUCTURE

TERRY 8693 E.

LWOOD WILSON L LIBRARY ARM RE NOBLESVILLE, I

2013.05.31

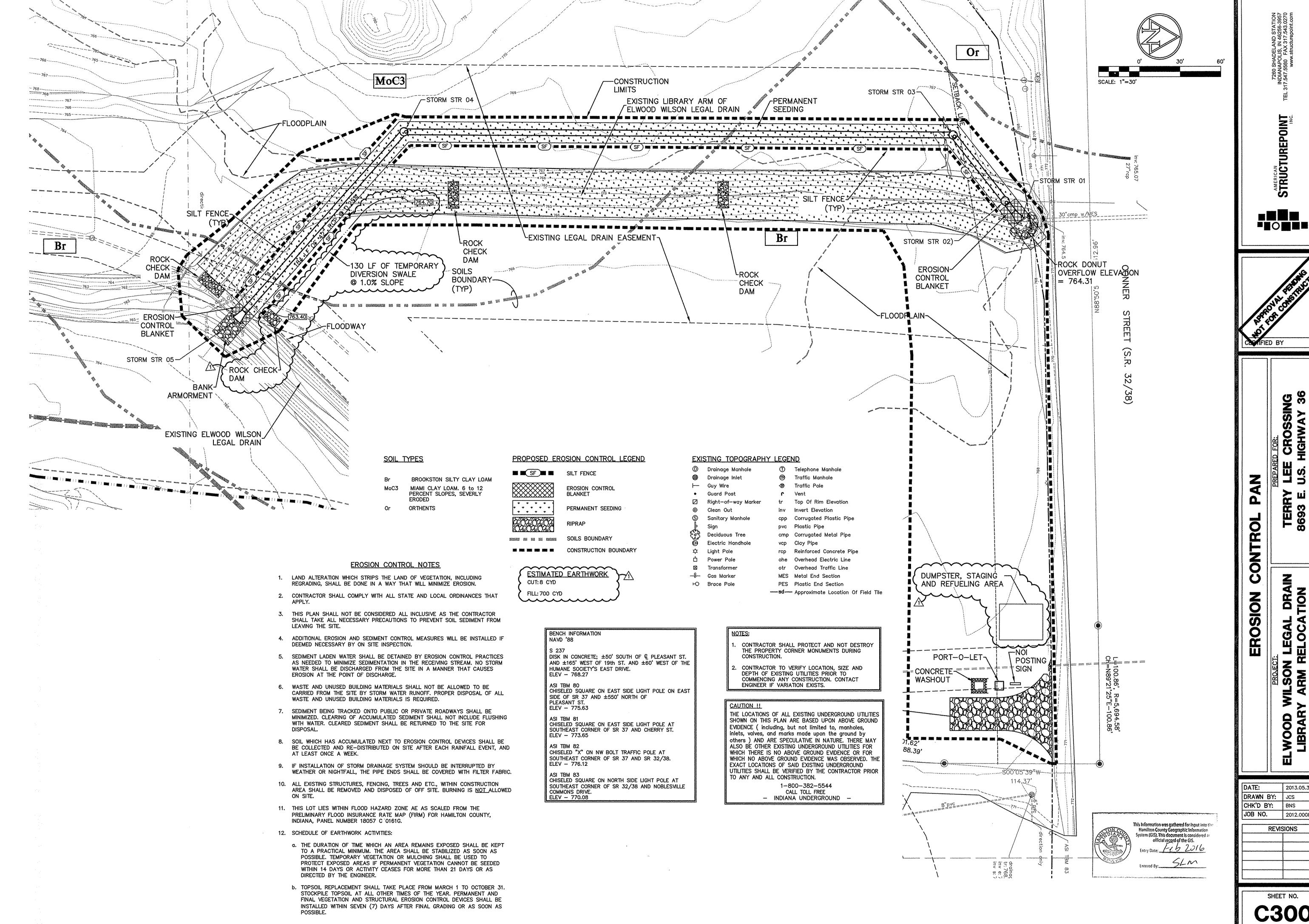
--- sd--- Approximate Location Of Field Tile

COMMONS DRIVE.

CHISELED SQUARE ON NORTH SIDE LIGHT POLE AT SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SR 32/38 AND NOBLESVILLE

TO ANY AND ALL CONSTRUCTION.

UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR 1-800-382-5544



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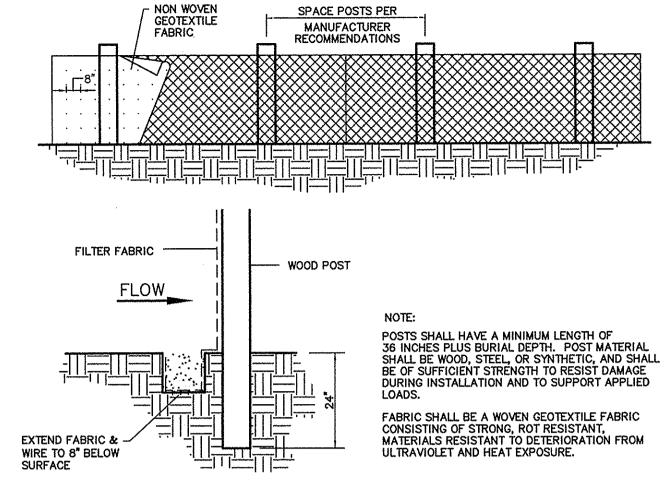
SHEET NO.

2013.05.31

2012.00089

REVISIONS

SILT FENCE POST-WRAPPING DETAIL



SILT FENCE CONSTRUCTION NOT TO SCALE

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

SITE PREPARATION

- 1. PLAN FOR THE FENCE TO BE AT LEAST 10 ft. FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO PROVIDE A SEDIMENT STORAGE
- 2. PROVIDE ACCESS TO THE AREA IF SEDIMENT CLEANOUT WILL BE NEEDED.

OUTLET CONSTRUCTION (OPTIONAL)

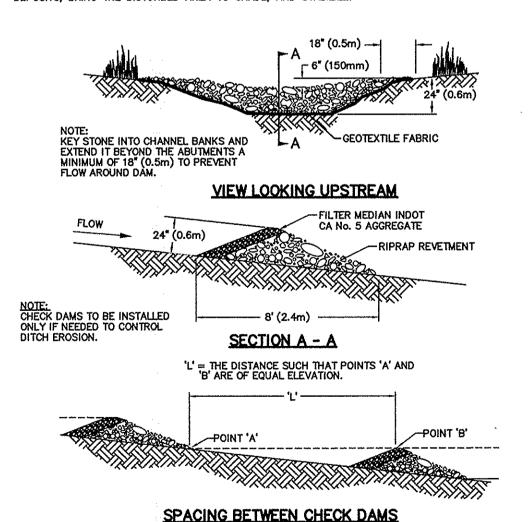
- 1. DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LOCATION FOR A REINFORCED, STABILIZED BYPASS FLOW OUTLET (UNLESS THE FENCE IS DESIGNED TO RETAIN ALL RUNOFF FROM A 2 YEAR FREQUENCY, 24 HR DURATION STORM EVENT)
- 2. SET THE OUTLET ELEVATION SO THAT WATER DEPTH CANNOT EXCEED 1%229 ft. AT THE LOWEST POINT ALONG THE FENCE LINE.
- 3. LOCATE THE OUTLET WEIR SUPPORT POSTS NO MORE THAN 4 ft. APART, AND INSTALL A HORIZONTAL BRACE BETWEEN THEM. (WEIR HEIGHT SHOULD BE NO MORE THAN 1 ft. DEEP, 5 ft. WIDE, AND F ft. LONG ON LEVEL GRADE.
- 4. EXCAVATE THE FOUNDATION FOR THE OUTLET SPLASH PAD TO MINIMUMS OF 1 ft. AND WATER DEPTH NO MORE THAN 18 ft. ANYWHERE ELSE ALONG THE FENCE.) 5. FILL THE EXCAVATED FOUNDATION WITH INDOT CA NO. 1 STONE, BEING CAREFUL THAT THE FINISHED SURFACE
- BLENDS WITH THE SURROUNDING AREA, ALLOWING NO OVERFILL. 6. STABILIZE THE AREA AROUND THE PAD.

FENCE CONSTRUCTION

- 1. ALONG THE ENTIRE INTENDED FENCE LINE, DIG AN 8 in. DEEP FLAT-BOTTOMED OR V-SHAPED TRENCH. 2. ON THE DOWNSIDE SLOPE OF THE TRENCH, DRIVE THE WOOD OR STEEL SUPPORT POSTS AT LEAST 1 ft, INTO THE GROUND (THE DEEPER THE BETTERI), SPACING THEM NO MORE THAN 8 ft. APART IF THE FENCE IS SUPPORTED BY WIRE OR 6 ft. IF EXTRA-STRENGTH FABRIC IS USED WITHOUT SUPPORT WIRE. ADJUST SPACING, IF NECESSARY, TO ENSURE THAT POSTS ARE SET AT THE LOW POINTS ALONF THE FENCE LINE. (NOTE: IF THE FENCE HAS PRE-ATTACHED POSTS OR STAKES, DRIVE THEM DEEP ENOUGH SO THE FABRIC IS SATISFACTORILY IN THE TRENCH AS DESCRIBED
- 3. FASTEN SUPPORT WIRE FENCE (IF THE MANUFACTUER RECOMMENDS ITS USE) TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS, EXTENDING IT 8 in. INTO THE TRENCH.
- 4. RUN A CONTINUOUS LENGTH OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC IN FRONT (UPSLOPE) OF THE SUPPORT WIRE AND POSTS, AVOIDING JOINTS, PARTICULARLY AT LOW POINTS IN THE FENCE LINE.
- 5. IF A JOINT IS NECESSARY, NAIL THE OVERLAP TO THE NEAREST POST WITH LATH.
- 6. PLACE THE BOTTOM 1 ft. OF FABRIC IN THE 8 in. DEEP TRENCH, EXTENDING THE REMAING 4 in. TOWARD THE
- 7. BACKFILL THE TRENCH WITH COMPACTED EARTH OR GRAVEL.
- NOTE: IF USING A PRE-PACKED COMMERCIAL SILT FENCE RATHER THAN CONSTRUCTING ONE, FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S

SILT FENCE MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. INSPECT THE SILT FENCE PERIODICALLY AND AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. 2. IF FABRIC TEARS, STARTS TO DECOMPOSE, OR IN ANY WAY BECOMES INEFFECTIVE, REPLACE THE AFFECTED
- PORTION IMMEDIATELY. 3, REMOVE DEPOSITED SEDIMENT WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE AT ITS LOWEST POINT
- OR IS CAUSING THE FABRIC TO BULGE. 4. TAKE CARE TO AVOID UNDERMINING THE FENCE DURING CLEAN OUT.
- 5. AFTER THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED REMOVE THE FENCE AND SEDIMENT DEPOSITS, BRING THE DISTURBED AREA TO GRADE, AND STABILIZE.



- ROCK CHECK DAM INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS 1. EXCAVATE A CUTOFF TRENCH INTO THE DITCH BANKS, AND EXTEND IT A MINIMUM OF 18 in. BEYOND THE ABUTMENTS.
- 2. PLACE THE ROCK IN THE CUTOFF TRENCH AND CHANNEL TO THE LINES AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN DETAIL, CENTER MAXIMUM OF 2 ft. HIGH YET 9 in. BELOW WHERE THE DAM ABUTS THE CHANNEL BANKS. 3. EXTEND THE ROCK AT LEAST 18 in. BEYOND THE CHANNEL BANKS TO KEEP OVERFLOW WATER FROM UNDERCUTTING
- THE DAM AS IT RE-ENTERS THE CHANNEL. 4. INSTALL AS MANY DAMS AS NECESSARY TO SATISFY THE SPACING REQUIREMENT SHOWN IN DETAIL. 5. STABILIZE THE CHANNEL ABOVE THE UPPERMOST DAM.

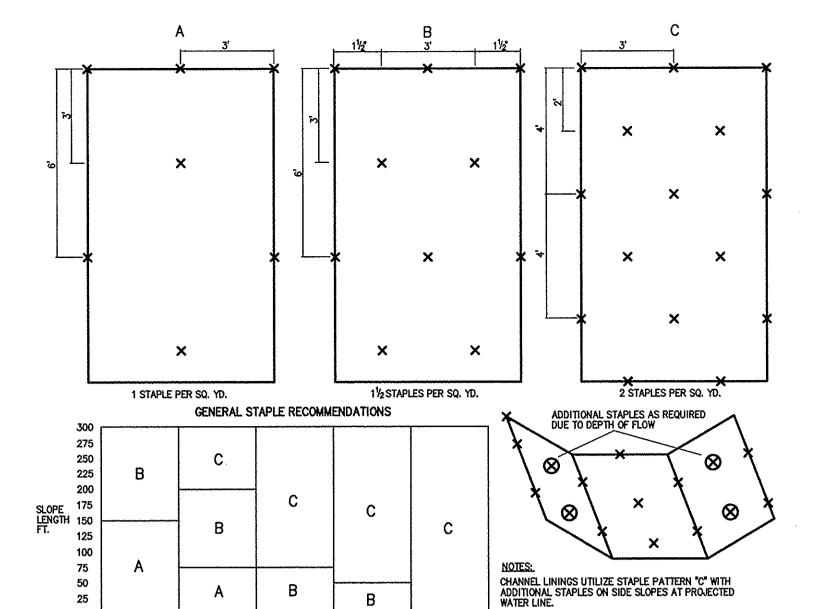
ROCK CHECK DAM

6. RECOGNIZING THAT WATER WILL FLOW OVER AND AROUND THE LOWERMOST DAM, PROTECT THE CHANNEL DOWNSTREAM FROM IT WITH AN EROSION-RESISTANT LINING FOR A DISTANCE OF 6 ft. UNLESS THE CHANNEL IS PROTECTED THROUGH OTHER MEANS.

ROCK CHECK DAM MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

LINING IF NECESSARY.

- I. INSPECT CHECK DAMS AND THE CHANNEL AFTER EACH STORM EVENT, AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY. 2. IF SIGNIFICANT EROSION OCCURS BETWEEN DAMS, INSTALL A RIPRAP LINER IN THAT PORTION OF THE CHANNEL
- REMOVE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED BEHIND EACH DAM AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN CHANNEL CAPACITY, TO ALLOW DRAINAGE THROUGH THE DAM, AND TO PREVENT LARGE FLOWS FROM DISPLACING SEDIMENT.
- 4. ADD ROCK TO THE DAMS AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN DESIGN HEIGHT AND CROSS SECTION. 5. WHEN THE DAMS ARE NO LONGER NEEDED, REMOVE THE ROCK AND STABILIZE CHANNEL, USING AN EROSION-RESISTANT



EROSION CONTROL MAT INSTALLATION GUIDE DETAIL

STAPLE PATTERNS APPLY TO ALL NORTH AMERICAN GREEN EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS. STAPLE PATTERNS MAY VARY DEPENDING UPON SOIL TYPE AND AVERAGE RAINFALL.

IT SLOPE LENGTHS GREATER THAN 300 FEET OR WHERE DRAINAGE OVER LARGE AREAS IS DIRECTED ONTO THE BLANKETS, STAPLE PATTERN "C" SHOULD BE UTILIZED.

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SURFACE APPLIED) INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

2:1

SLOPE GRADIENT

- 1. SELECT THE TYPE AND WEIGHT OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKET TO FIT THE SITE CONDITIONS (e.g., SLOPE, CHANNEL
- FLOW VELOCITY). 2. INSTALL ANY PRACTICES NEEDED TO CONTROL EROSION AND RUNOFF, SUCH AS TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT DIVERSION, SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP, SILT FENCE, AND STRAW BALE DAM.
- 3. GRADE THE SITE AS SPECIFIED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN. 4. ADD TOPSOIL WHERE APPROPRIATE.

4:1

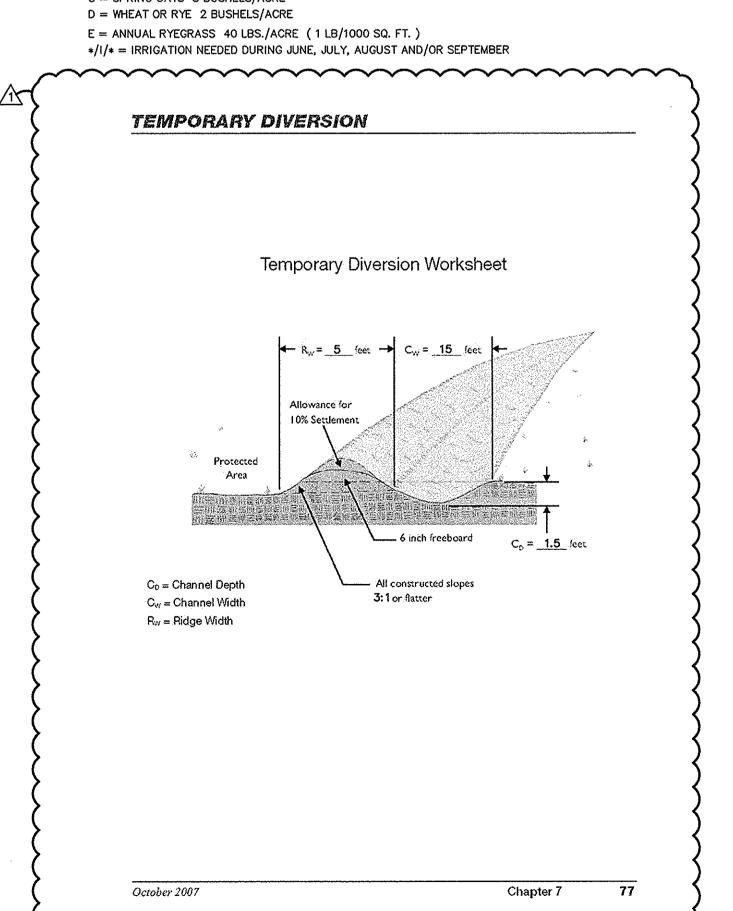
- 5. PREPARE THE SEEDBED, FERTILIZE (AND LIME, IF NEEDED), AND SEED THE AREA IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING. 6. FOLLOWING MANUFACTURER'S DIRECTIONS, LAY THE BLANKETS ON THE SEEDED AREA SUCH THAT THEY ARE IN
- CONTINUOUS CONTACT WITH THE SOIL AND THAT THE UPSLOPE OR UPSTREAM ONES OVERLAP THE LOWER ONES BY AT LEAST 8 in. 7. TUCK THE UPPERMOST EDGE OF THE UPPER BLANKETS INTO A CHECK SLOT (SILT TRENCH), BACKFILL WITH SOIL, AND TAMP DOWN. 8. ANCHOR THE BLANKETS AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. THIS TYPICALLY INVOLVES DRIVING 6-8 In. METAL STAPLES INTO THE GROUND IN A PATTERN DETERMINED BY THE SITE CONDITIONS.

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SURFACE APPLIED) MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. DURING VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS FOR ANY EROSION BELOW THE BLANKET. 2. IF ANY AREA SHOWS EROSION PULL BACK THAT PORTION OF THE BLANKET COVERING IT, ADD SOIL,
- RE-SEED THE AREA, AND RE-LAY AND STAPLE THE BLANKET.
- 3. AFTER VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT CHECK THE TREATED AREA PERIODICALLY.

SEASONAL SOIL PROTECTION CHART												
STABILIZATION PRACTICE	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	ост.	NOV.	DEC.
PERMANENT SEEDING		A			* ///	///\///	//// *-		/।/-			
DORMANT SEEDING	B									B-		
TEMPORARY SEEDING		C	Ε		*//	//////	D · ////*					

- A = KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 100 LBS./ACRE; CREEPING RED FESCUE 100 LBS./ACRE; HYDROSEEDED
- B = KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 120 LBS./ACRE; CREEPING RED FESCUE 120 LBS./ACRE; HYDROSEEDED C = SPRING OATS 3 BUSHELS/ACRE

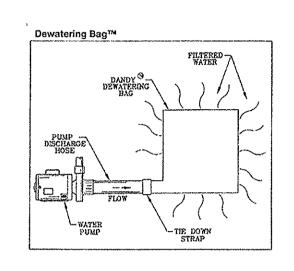


Technical Data Innovative Geotextile

Dandy Dewatering Bag* Dandy Solutions for Stormwater Sediment Control

Geotextile Technical Data

Color			Black & Orange	Black
Ultraviolet Resistance	ASTM D 4355	%	70	70
Water Flow Rate	ASTM D 4491	Vmin/m² (gaVmin/it²)	5907 (145)	3866 (95)
ormeability	ASTM D 4491	cnVsec	0.142	0.21
Permittivity	ASTM D 4491	\$ec ⁻¹	2.14	1.2
Apparent Opening Size (AOS)	ASTM D 4751	mm (US Std Sieve)	0.425 (40)	0.180 (80)
Percent Open Area (POA)	COE -22125-86	%	10	na
Trapezoid Tear Strength (MD x CD)	ASTM D 4533	kN (bs)	0.51 (115) x 0.33 (75)	0.36 (80)
Muten Burst Strength	ASTM D 3786	kPa (osi)	3097 (450)	2618 (380)
Puncture Strength	ASTM D 4833	kN (ibs)	0.44 (100)	0.58 (130)
Grab Tensile Elongation	ASTM D 4632	<u> </u>	24 x 10	50
Grab Tensile Strength (MD x CD)	ASTM D 4632	kN (fos)	1.62 (365) x 0.89 (200)	0.9 (205)
PROPERTY'S	TEST METHOD	CONITS 444	FILTERWEAVE® 402 (OANDY POPT)	MIRAFID 180N DANDY DEWATERING BAD



<u>PLAN</u>

SECTION B-B

SECTION A-A

ROCK DONUT DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

BOTTOM OF DAM

1. INSPECT DAMS AND THE CHANNEL WEEKLY AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ALL &" STORM EVENTS,

DRAINAGE THROUGH THE DAM, AND TO PREVENT LARGE FLOWS FROM DISPLACING SEDIMENT.

5. WHEN THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZES, REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF

4. INSTALL AS MANY DAMS AS NECESSARY TO SATISFY THE SPACING REQUIREMENT SHOWN IN DETAIL.

4. ADD ROCK TO THE DAMS AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN DESIGN HEIGHT AND CROSS SECTION.

MAXIMUM OF 2 ft. HIGH YET 9 in. BELOW WHERE THE DAM ABUTS THE CHANNEL BANKS.

ANY UNSTABLE SEDIMENT AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL, AND RE-STABILIZE.

AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY.
2. IF SIGNIFICANT EROSION OCCURS BETWEEN DAMS, INSTALL A RIPRAP LINER IN THAT PORTION OF THE CHANNEL.

3. REMOVE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED BEHIND EACH DAM AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN CHANNEL CAPACITY, TO ALLOW

1. EXCAVATE A CUTOFF TRENCH INTO THE DITCH BANKS, AND EXTEND IT A MINIMUM OF 18 In. BEYOND THE ABUTMENTS.

2. PLACE THE ROCK IN THE CUTOFF TRENCH AND CHANNEL TO THE LINES AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN DETAIL, CENTER

3. EXTEND THE ROCK AT LEAST 18 in. BEYOND THE CHANNEL BANKS TO KEEP OVERFLOW WATER FROM UNDERCUTTING

FROM IT WITH AN EROSION—RESISTANT LINING FOR A DISTANCE OF 6 ft. UNLESS THE CHANNEL IS PROTECTED

6. RECOGNIZING THAT WATER WILL FLOW OVER AND AROUND THE LOWERMOST DAM, PROTECT THE CHANNEL DOWNSTREAM

#8 STONE (1' --

MIN. THICKNESS)

ROCK DAM MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

ROCK DAM INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

THE DAM AS IT RE-ENTERS THE CHANNEL

THROUGH OTHER MEANS.

5. STABILIZE THE CHANNEL ABOVE THE UPPERMOST DAM.

- 4" EMERGENCY

CORPORATE OFFICE RAR* Construction Products assumes no Tability for the accuracy or completeness of this information or for the utilimate use by the purchaser MPARI* disclaims any and all express, implied, or statutory standards, warranties or guarantees, including without (358) 765-0803 • (709) 653-2226 • Fax (709) 693-4400 Unitation any implied warranty as to merchantebility or fitness for a particular purpose or arising from a course of dealing or usage of trade as to any equipment, materials, or information furnished herevitin. This document should not be construed as engineer



-STORM SEWER PIPE

TOP OF BANK

This information was pathered for input into the

Hamilton County Geographic Information

www.mirafi.com

Dandy Dewatering Bag" **Dandy Solutions for Stormwater Sediment Control**

DANDY DEWATERING BAG"

The Dandy Dewatering Bag™ is designed to control sediment discharge in dewatering applications where water is being pumped. When the pumped water reaches the Dandy Dewatering Bag™, the suspended solids are allowed to settle out of the slowed flow and are captured

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- . Easily installs onto discharge hose
- Easier and more convenient to use than sediment traps or other alternatives Available with optional oil absorbents
- Fabricated from a Mirafi[®] geotextile Available in 4 standard sizes: 3x3ft, 6x6ft, 10x15ft,

INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

• Installation: Place lifting straps (not included) under the unit to facilitate removal after use. Unfold Dandy Dewatering Bag™ on a stabilized area over dense vegetation, straw, or gravel (if an increased drainage surface is needed). Insert discharge hose from pump into Dandy Dewatering Bag™ a minimum of six inches (6") and tightly secure with attached strap to prevent water from

flowing out of the unit without being filtered. If using

BONFIED BY

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DRA

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2013.05.31

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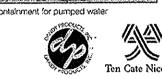
REVISIONS

SHEET NO.

optional absorbents, place absorbent boom into the

Dandy Dewatering Bag™ of the unit. Clip absorbent boom to tether provided inside the unit. Maintenance: Replace the unit when 1/2 full of sediment or when sediment has reduced the flow rate of the pump discharge to an impractical rate. If using optional oil absorbents; remove and replace absorbent when near saturation.





Straw bale

(alternative

materials or

be used to

structural containment)

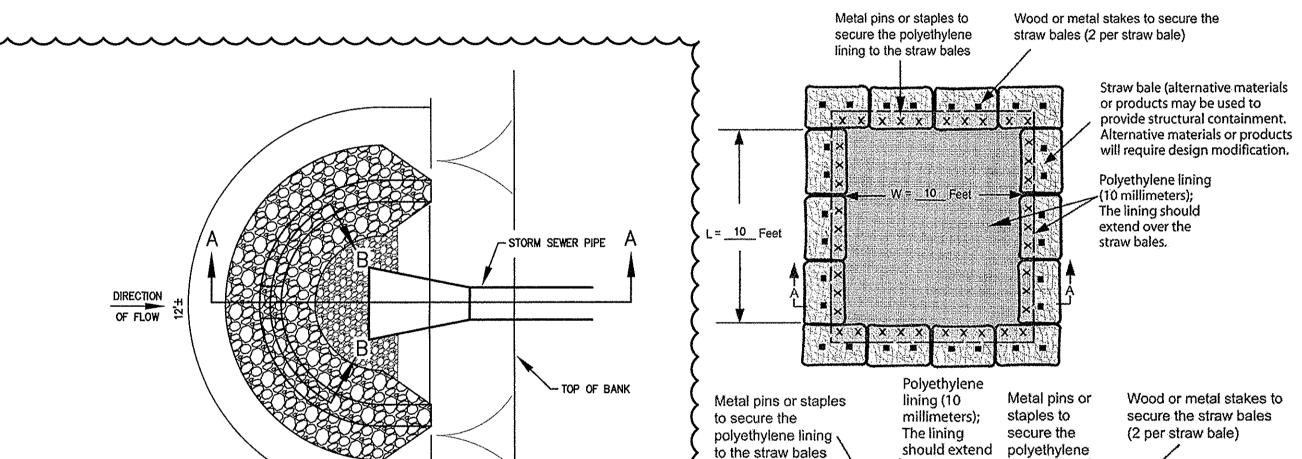
provide

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over the straw lining to the

Straw bales entrenched 4 inches into the soil

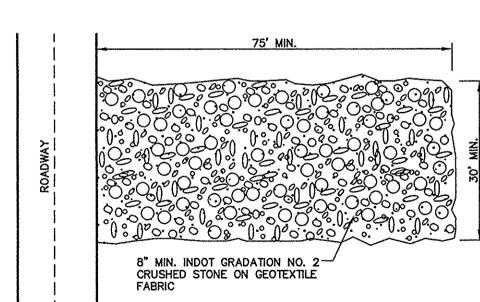
straw bales

Compacted soil

bales.

CONCRETE TRUCK WASH OUT DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



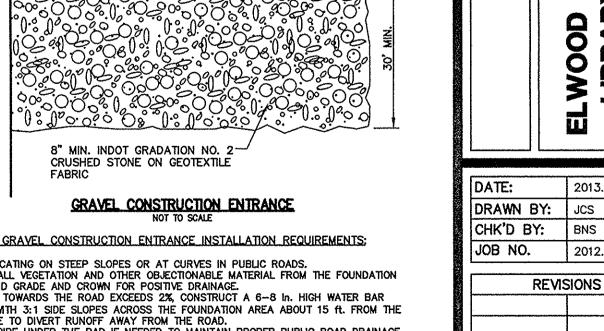
TEMPORARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS:

- AVOID LOCATING ON STEEP SLOPES OR AT CURVES IN PUBLIC ROADS.

- 6. PLACE STONE TO DIMENSIONS AND GRADE SHOWN IN THE EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, LEAVING THE SURFACE SMOOTH AND SLOPED FOR DRAINAGE. DIVERT ALL SURFACE RUNOFF AND DRAINAGE FROM THE STONE PAD TO A SEDIMENT

TEMPORARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS:

1. INSPECT ENTRANCE PAD AND SEDIMENT AREA WEEKLY AND AFTER STORM EVENTS OF



REMOVE ALL VEGETATION AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FROM THE FOUNDATION AREA, AND GRADE AND CROWN FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

IF SLOPE TOWARDS THE ROAD EXCEEDS 2%, CONSTRUCT A 6-8 In. HIGH WATER BAR

(RIDGE) WITH 3:1 SIDE SLOPES ACROSS THE FOUNDATION AREA ABOUT 15 ft. FROM THE ENTRANCE TO DIVERT RUNOFF AWAY FROM THE ROAD.

INSTALL PIPE UNDER THE PAD IF NEEDED TO MAINTAIN PROPER PUBLIC ROAD DRAINAGE.

IF WET CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED, PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ON THE GRADED FOUNDATION TO IMPROVE STABILITY.

RESHAPE PAD AS NEEDED FOR DRAINAGE AND RUNOFF CONTROL

System (GIS). This document is considered as official record of the GIS. TOP DRESS WITH CLEAN STONE AS NEEDED. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE MUD AND SEDIMENT TRACKED OR WASHED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS BY BRUSHING OR SWEEPING. FLUSHING SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THE WATER IS CONVEYED INTO A SEDIMENT. ROCK TRAP OR BASIN. Entry Date: Feb 2016 REPAIR ANY BROKEN PAVEMENT IMMEDIATELY.

PROJECT LOCATION:

The property is located at southeast corner of SR 37 and SR 32/38 in Noblesville, IN, at a latitude of 40'02'42" N

OWNER'S INFORMATION:

and a longitude of 85°59'35" W.

Name: Terry Lee Crossing

Address: 8693 E. US Highway 36, Avon, IN 46123 Representative: Mike Cooke Title: CFO Telephone: (317) 272-1000

OPERATOR'S INFORMATION:

Name: Terry Lee Crossing Address: 8693 E. US Highway 36, Avon, IN 46123 Representative: Mike Cooke

Title: CFO Telephone: (317) 272-1000

NOTICE OF INTENT:

Facsimile: NA

All parties defined as owners or operators must submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) at least 48 hours prior to commencement of on-site construction activities. Submittal of late NOI's is not prohibited; however, authorization under the construction general permit is only for discharges that occur after permit coverage is granted. Unpermitted discharges may be subject to enforcement actions by the EPA. For the purposes of this permit, an operator is defined

- a. The party has operational control over construction plans and specifications, including the ability to make
- b. The party has day-to-day operational control of those activities at a project that are necessary to ensure compliance with a storm water pollution prevention plan for the site or other permit conditions.

A2 11" x 17" PLAT:

This project consists of the construction a relocated legal drain. The proposed drain will be offset approximately 50' from the existing legal drain ditch. The site will be seeded at the completion of construction.

The drainage plans for the site include a storm sewer designed for conveyance of 10-year flood discharges to the existing Elwood Wilson Legal Drain.

A5 LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT SITE:

(from Inst. No. 2012000698)

A part of the Northwest Quarter of Section 5, Township 18 North, Range 5 East and the West Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section 32, Township 19 North, Range 5 East of the Second Principal Meridian in Noblesville Township of Hamilton County,

89 degrees 36 minutes 03 seconds East (assumed bearing) along the South line of said Quarter Section 193.38 feet to the 12. Remove all erosion and sediment control practices when areas have a uniform grass cover. Northwest comer of the Northwest Quarter of Section 5, Township 18 North, Range 5 East; thence continue North 89 degrees 36 minutes 03 seconds East along said South line 1139.40 feet to the Southeast comer of said West Half and the point of beginning of the following described real estate: Thence continue along said South line North 89 degrees 36 minutes 03 seconds East a distance of 918.42 feet to the Northwest comer of real estate as contained in Instrument No. 96-30844 as found in the Office of the Recorder of Hamilton County, Indiana; thence South 00 degrees 04 minutes 08 seconds East along the West line of said real estate 1005.25 feet to a point in the centerline of abandoned Central Indiana Railroad: thence South 89 degrees 31 minutes 02 seconds West along said centerline a distance of 2,151.28 feet to a point in the centerline of State Road No. 37 per I.S.H.C. plans for Project No. 824(1), dated 1954, Sheet 15 therein, said point being on a nontangent point on a curve concave to the East, having a radius of 3,819.72 feet and a long chord which bears North 08 degrees 57 minutes 26 Sheet flow areas will be protected by seed and mulch or hydroseeding. Erosion control blankets will be installed on seconds East 1234.87 feet; thence along said curve to the right an arc distance of 1240.31 feet to the point of tangency thereof; thence North 18 degrees 15 minutes 31 seconds East 473.50 feet to the intersection with State Roads No. 32 & 38 being marked with a brass plug; thence North 88 degrees 50 minutes 58 seconds East along said centerline 612.96 feet to the point of curvature of a curve concave to the South, having a radius of 5694.58 feet and a long chord which bears North 89 degrees 21 minutes 25 seconds East 100.86 feet; thence along said curve to the right an arc distance of 1 00.86 feet to the Northwest comer of real estate as contained in Instrument No. 98-72645 of said Recorder's Office; thence South 00 degrees 05 minutes 39 seconds West 111.97 feet (record), 114.37 feet (measured) to the point of curvature of a curve concave to the West, having a radius of 301.62 feet and a long chord which bears South 08 dearees 31 minutes II seconds West 88.39 feet: thence along said curve to the right an arc distance of 88.71 feet to the Southwest comer of said real estate thereof; thence South 74 degrees 50 minutes 08 seconds East 85.87 feet to the Southeast comer; thence North 74 degrees 13 minutes 52 seconds East 110.72 feet to the Southeast comer of real estate as contained in Instrument No. 88-04544 and found in said Recorder's Office, said point also being on the East line of the West Half of said Southwest Quarter of Section 32; thence Straw bales and silt fences will not be allowed as concentrated flow protection measures. South 00 degrees 08 minutes 19 seconds East along said East line 472.00 feet to the point of beginning. Containing 63.082 acres, more or less (gross) and 57.829 acres (net), less right-of-way.

A6 LOCATION OF ALL LOTS AND PROPOSED SITE IMPROVEMENTS:

The site will not be subdivided; therefore, there are no individual lots on the property. The Site Plan shows the proposed site

A7 HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODE (HUC):

Permits for the temporary construction crossing and utility crossings are required from IDNR. Permits from IDEM and the US Army Corp of Engineers are required for placing riprap below the ordinary high water mark and for the temporary construction

A9 SPECIFIC POINT WHERE STORMWATER DISCHARGE WILL LEAVE THE SITE:

Stormwater drainage from the site will be conveyed by a the proposed legal drain towards the Elwood Wilson Legal Drain ditch. The ultimate received water for the runoff is Stony Creek.

A10 LOCATION AND NAME OF ALL WETLANDS, LAKES, AND WATERCOURSES ON AND ADJACENT TO THE SITE:

Wetlands are located south and east of the proposed project. No impacts to these wetlands are anticipated.

A11 IDENTIFICATION OF ALL RECEIVING WATERS:

A12 IDENTIFICATION OF ALL POTENTIAL DISCHARGES TO GROUND WATER:

There are no locations on site where surface water may be discharged into ground water.

A13 100-YEAR FLOODPLAINS, FLOODWAYS, AND FLOODWAY FRINGES:

The site does lie within the floodplain, floodway, or floodway fringe. The information was obtained from Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel 18057C0161G dated preliminary for Hamilton County, Indiana.

A14 PRE-CONSTRUCTION AND POST-CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE OF PEAK DISCHARGE:

Pre-construction 10-year discharge: 48.25 cfs Post-construction 10-year discharge: 48.25 cfs

north: Commercial ö East: Commercial∕Vacant

A16 LOCATIONS AND APPROXIMATE BOUNDARIES OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS:

Refer to the Erosion Control Plan for the construction limits

5 At this time, grassy vegetative cover exists.

A18 SOILS MAP INCLUDING SOIL DESCRIPTION AND LIMITATIONS:

Other suitability or limitations of the soil for the other classifications of use listed in the table are not applicable to

A19 LOCATIONS, SIZE, AND DIMENSIONS FOR PROPOSED STORMWATER SYSTEMS:

Locations of stormwater systems: See Storm Sewer Plan and Profile Size of storm sewer: See Stom Sewer Plan and Profile Details of storm inlets and manholes: See Site Details

A20 PLANS FOR ANY OFF-SITE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT:

No offsite construction activities are anticipated for this project.

A21 LOCATIONS OF PROPOSED SOIL STOCKPILES AND/OR BORROW/DISPOSAL:

Excess soil shall be immediately stockpiled and seeded and/or removed from the construction site in accordance with all applicable laws.

A22 EXISTING SITE TOPOGRAPHY:

this project.

Refer to the Existing Topography Plan Sheet

A23 PROPOSED FINAL SITE TOPOGRAPHY:

Refer to the Storm sewer plan and profile.

BI DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL POLLUTANT SOURCES ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

The following potential pollutant sources may be associated with construction activities on site:

- Material storage areas (more specifically described below). Construction waste material
- 3. Fuel storage areas and fueling stations
- 4. Exposed soils. 5. Leaking vehicles and equipment.
- 6. Sanitary waste from temporary toilet facilities. 7. Litter.
- 8. Windblown dust.
- 9. Soil tracking off site from construction equipment.

The following construction materials will be staged or stored on site at various points during development of the site:

- Structural fill.
- 2. Concrete drainage pipe. 3. Concrete culverts.
- Precast concrete manholes.
- 5. Rock rip-rap.

B2 SEQUENCE DESCRIBING STORMWATER QUALITY MEASURE IMPLEMENTATION RELATIVE TO LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

- Install construction entrance.
- 2. Utilize the gravel construction entrance for installation of the perimeter silt fence. Add stone if needed. Post the NOI at the entrance.
- 3. Install staging area, fueling station, material storage area and concrete truck washout.
- 4. Install check dams for existing legal drain.
- 5. Create diversion berm to maintain flow through existing legal drain.
- 6. Begin installation of the legal drain. Install outlet protection prior to installing outlet.
- 7. Complete installation of legal drain. 8. Remove diversion berm for flow to go through new legal drain.
- 9. Remove existing regulated drain tile. Fill in existing legal drain channel. 10. Areas left dormant for more than 15 days, must be temporarily seeded.

B3 STABLE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE LOCATIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

Refer to the Erosion Control Plan for location and Erosion Control Details for details.

B4 SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FOR SHEET FLOW AREAS:

sloped areas where the slope exceeds 6:1 (horizontal to vertical). Silt Fence will be installed to prevent sedimentation from leaving the site. Because lengths and heights of the slopes are small, more aggressive erosion control measures

Refer to Sheet Erosion Control Details for details.

B5 SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FOR CONCENTRATED FLOW AREAS:

Concentrated flow areas will be controlled by rock check dams

B6 STORM SEWER INLET PROTECTION MEASURE LOCATIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS

No proposed inlets to have inlet protection.

Straw bales alone will not be allowed as inlet protection measures.

B7 RUNOFF CONTROL MEASURES:

Rock check dams are used along ditches to reduce runoff velocity.

B8 STORMWATER OUTLET PROTECTION SPECIFICATIONS:

Stormwater outlets will be protected by riprap aprons. Refer to the Erosion Control Plan for locations and the Erosion

B9 GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURE LOCATIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Rip rap aprons at outlets will be utilized to prevent grade destabilization. Refer to Erosion Control Plan for locations

B10 LOCATION, DIMENSIONS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS OF EACH STORMWATER QUALITY MEASURE;

The location of the erosion control measures can be found on the Erosion Control Plan. The details of the proposed

stormwater quality measures can be found on the detail sheet. B11 TEMPORARY SURFACE STABILIZATION METHODS APPROPRIATE FOR EACH SEASON

Refer to the Erosion Control Details, within the Seasonal Soil Protection Chart

B12 PERMANENT SURFACE STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS:

A. Loosen lawn area to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Mix soil amendments and phosphorus free fertilizers with topsoil at rates specified. Organic soil amendments such as peat, compost or manure shall be applied at 2" depth evenly over soil and incorporated into the top 6" of topsoil. Provide fertilizer with percentage of nitrogen required to provide not less than 1 pound of actual nitrogen per 1,000 sq. ft. of lawn area and not less than 4 percent phosphoric acid and 2 percent potassium. At least 50 percent of nitrogen to be organic form. Delay mixing of

- fertilizer if planting will not follow placing of planting soil within a few days. B. Fertilizer for lawns: provide a fast release fertilizer with a composition of 1 lb per 1,000 sq. ft. of actual nitrogen,
- and 2 percent potassium by weight. C. Slow-release fertilizer for trees and shrubs: granular fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, and potassium made up of a composition by weight of 5 percent. D. Grade lawn and grass areas to a smooth, even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Limit fine grading to
- areas that can be planted within immediate future. Remove trash, debris, stones larger than 1 inch diameter, and other objects that may interfere with planting or maintenance operations. E. Sow seed using a spreader or seeding machine. Do not seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 miles per hour. Distribute seed evenly over entire area by sowing equal quantity in 2 directions at right angles to each other.
- . Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with a fine spray. G. Install erosion control blankets as indicated on the plan.
- H. Protect seeded areas against erosion by spreading clean, seed-free straw mulch after completion of seeding operations. Spread uniformly to form a continuous blanket not less than 1-1/2 inches loose measurements over Water newly planted lawn areas and keep moist until new grass is established. Immediately repair any lawn areas
- disturbed by construction activities including tree and shrub installation. J. Refer to the Erosion Control Details, within the Seasonal Soil Protection Chart for timing of temporary and permanent seeding and grass seed specifications.

B13 MATERIAL HANDLING AND SPILL PREVENTION PLAN:

No solid material, including building materials, is permitted to be discharged to surface waters or buried on site. All solid waste materials, including disposable materials incidental to the construction activity, must be collected in containers or closed dumpster's. The collection containers must be emptied periodically and the collected material hauled to a landfill permitted by the State and/or appropriate local municipality to accept the waste for disposal.

A foreman or supervisor should be designated in writing to oversee, enforce, and instruct construction workers on proper solid waste procedures.

Hazardous Waste:

Whenever possible, minimize the use of hazardous materials and generation of hazardous wastes. All hazardous waste materials will be disposed in the manner specified by federal, state, or local regulations or by the manufacturer.

Use containment berms in fueling and maintenance areas and where potential for spills is high.

A foreman or supervisor should be designated in writing to oversee, enforce and instruct construction workers on proper hazardous waste procedures. The location of any hazardous waste storage areas should be indicated on the stormwater pollution prevention plan by the operator following on—site location of the facility.

Dust Control/Off-Site Vehicle Tracking:

During construction, water trucks should be used, as needed, by each contractor or subcontractor to reduce dust. After construction, the site should be stabilized to reduce dust.

Construction traffic should enter and exit the site at a Construction Entrance with a rock pad or equivalent device. The purpose of the rock pad is to minimize the amount of soil and mud that is tracked onto existing streets. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts. Sanitary/Septic:

Contractors and subcontractors must comply with all state and local sanitary sewer, portable toilet, or septic system offsite impacts.

Sanitary/Septic:

Contractors and subcontractors must comply with all state and local sanitary sewer, portable toilet, or septic system regulations. Sanitary facilities shall be provided at the site by each contractor or subcontractor throughout construction activities. The sanitary facilities should be utilized by all construction personnel and be serviced regularly. All expenses associated with providing sanitary facilities are the responsibility of the contractors and subcontractors. The location of any sanitary facilities should be indicated on the stormwater pollution prevention plan by the operator following on-site location of said facilities.

Water Source:

Water used to establish and maintain grass, to control dust, and for other construction purposes must originate from a public water supply or private well approved by the State or local health department.

Equipment Fueling and Storage Areas:

Equipment fueling, maintenance, and cleaning should only be completed in protected areas (i.e., bermed area). Leaking equipment and maintenance fluids will be collected and not allowed to discharge onto soil where they may be washed away during a rain event.

Equipment wash down (except for wheel washes) should take place within an area surrounded by a berm. The use of detergents is prohibited.

Hazardous Material Storage

Chemicals, paints, solvents, fertilizers, and other toxic or hazardous materials should be stored in their original containers (if original container is not resealable, store the products in clearly labeled, waterproof containers). Except during application, the containers should be kept in trucks or in bermed areas within covered storage facilities. Runoff containing such materials shall be collected, removed from the site, and disposed of in accordance with the federal, state, and local regulations.

As may be required by federal, state or local regulations, the Contractor should have a Hazardous Materials Management Plan and/or Hazardous Materials Spill and Prevention Program in place. A foreman or supervisor should be designated in writing to oversee, enforce, and instruct construction workers on proper hazardous materials storage and handling procedures. The location of any hazardous material storage greas should be indicated on the stormwater pollution prevention plan by the operator following on-site location of the storage areas.

Material Handling and Spill Prevention:

Discharge of hazardous substances or oil into stormwater is subject to reporting requirements. In the event of a spill of a hazardous substance, the operator is required to notify the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802) to properly report the spill. In addition, the operator shall submit a written description of the release (including the type and amount of material released, the date of the release, the circumstances of the release, and the steps to be taken to prevent future spills) to the local Soil and Water Conservation District. The SWPPP must be revised within 14 calendar days after the release to reflect the release, stating the information—above along with—modifications to minimize the possibility of future occurrences. Each contractor and subcontractor is responsible for complying with

these reporting requirements. Concrete Washout:

All concrete trucks waste material shall be completely contained and disposed in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. A pit or container is required when cleaning concrete chutes.

Spill Response Plan;

Minor — Small spills that typically involve oil gasoline, paint, hydraulic fluid etc. Minor spills can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill. Contain spill to prevent material from entering storm or ground water. Do not flush with water or bury.

• Use absorbent material to clean-up spill material and any subsequently contaminated soil and dispose of properly. Semi-significant Spills - Approximately ten gallons or less of pollutant with no contamination of ground or surface waters. Minor spills can be generally controlled by the first responder with help from other site personnel. This

- response may require other operations to stop to make sure the spill is quickly and safely addressed. At the discovery of the spill: . Contain spill to prevent material from entering storm or ground water. Do not flush with water or bury. • Use absorbent material to clean-up spills and dispose of properly. Spills on impervious surfaces should be
- contained with a dry absorbent. Spills on clayey soils should be contained by constructing an earthen dike and should be disposed of as soon as possible to prevent migration deeper into the soil and groundwater. Dispose of contaminated soils or absorbents properly.
- Contact 911 if this spill could be a safety issue. • Contact supervisors and designated inspectors immediately
- Contaminated solids to be removed to an approved landfill. Major or Hazardous Spills — More than ten gallons, there is the potential for death, injury or illness to humans or animals or has the potential for surface or groundwater pollution.
- Control or contain the spill without risking bodily harm. Temporarily plug storm drains if possible to prevent migration of the spill into the stormwater system. • Immediately contact the local Fire Department at 911 to report any hazard material spill. • Contact supervisors and designated inspectors immediately. Other county or municipal officials (City of Noblesville) Engineering Department) responsible for storm water facilities should be contacted as well. The contractor is
- responsible for having these contact numbers available at the job site. A written report should be submitted to the owner as soon as possible. • As soon as possible but within 2 hours of discovery, contact the Department of Environmental Management, Office of Emergency Response 1—888—233—7745, Noblesville Fire and Police Department and City of Noblesville MS4 317—776—6330. The following information should be noted for future reports to IDEM or the National Response
 - o Name, address and phone number of person making the spill report
- The location of the spill
- The time of the spill Identification of the spilled substance
- Approximate quantity of the substance that has been spilled or may be further spilled The duration and source of the spill Name and location of the damaged waters

NPDES Storm Water General Permit, this SWPPP, and the Project

Name of spill response organization What measures were taken in the spill response

Other information that may be significant

Additional regulation or requirements may be present. A spill response professional should be consulted to make sure all appropriate and required steps have been taken. Contaminated solids should only be removed from the site after approval is given by Emergency Response.

814 MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES FOR EACH PROPOSED STORMWATER QUALITY MEASURE:

Inspection Schedule/Reporting:

All impacted areas, as well as all erosion and sediment control devices, will be inspected every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall of 0.5 inch or greater. Where sites have been final or temporarily stabilized or on sites where runoff is unlikely due to winter conditions (e.g., site is covered with snow, ice, or frozen ground exists), such inspections shall be conducted at least once every month.

Inspections shall be conducted and a written report prepared, by a designated and qualified person familiar with the USEPA

Inspection reports shall be completed including scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of personnel making the inspection, the date of the inspection, observations relating to the implementation of the SWPPP, and any actions taken as a

result of incidents of noncompliance noted during the inspection. The inspection report should state whether the site was in compliance or identify any incidents of noncompliance. The contractor shall keep a copy of the inspection reports on site and permanently for a period of two years following construction. The on-site reports may be requested by inspections conducted by the local Soil and Water Conservation District.

Construction Entrance:

Locations where vehicles exit the site shall be inspected for evidence of off-site sediment tracking. Each contractor and subcontractor shall be responsible for maintaining the Construction Entrance and other controls as described in this SWPPP.

Material Storage Inspections:

Inspectors must evaluate areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation. The purpose is to ensure that materials are protected and/or impounded so that pollutants cannot discharge from storage areas. Off-site material storage areas used solely by the subject project are considered to be part of the project and must be included in the erosion control plans and the site inspection reports.

Soil Stabilization Inspections:

Seeded greas will be inspected to confirm that a healthy stand of vegetation is maintained. The site has achieved final stabilization once all areas are covered with pavement or have a stand of vegetation with at least 70% of the background vegetation density. The density of 70% or greater must be maintained to be considered as stabilized. The operator or their representative will water, fertilize, and reseed disturbed areas as needed to achieve this goal.

Erosion and Sediment Control Inspections:

watering and fertilizing schedule.

All controls should be inspected at least once every seven (7) calendar days and following any storm event of 0.5 inch or greater. The following is a list of inspection/maintenance practices that will be used for specific controls:

- Geotextiles/Erosion Control Mats: Missing or loose matting must be replaced or re-anchored. 2. Diversion Swales: Clean debris or other obstructions as needed. Damage from storms or normal construction
- activities (i.e., tire ruts) shall be repaired immediately. 3. Mulching: Inspect for thin or bare spots caused by natural decomposition or weather—related events. Mulch in hig traffic area should be replaced on a regular basis to maintain uniform protection.
- Silt Fence: Removal of built—up sediment will occur when the sediment reaches one—third the height of the fenc Stabilized Construction Entrance: Periodic regarding and top dressing with additional stones. 6. Vegetation: Protect newly seeded areas from excessive runoff and traffic until vegetation is established. Establish
- 7. Good Housekeeping: Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges through screening of outfalls and daily pickup of litter.

In the event that sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize adverse impacts. An example of this may be the situation where sediment has washed into the street and could be carried into the storm sewers by the next rainfall and/or pose a safety hazard to users of public streets.

Modifications/Revisions to SWPPP:

Based on inspection results, any necessary modification to this SWPPP shall be implemented within seven calendar days of the inspection. A modification is necessary if a control measure or operational procedure does not provide adequate pollutant control. All revisions shall be recorded on a Record of Revisions within seven calendar days of the inspection

It is the responsibility of the operator to maintain effective pollutant discharge controls. Physical site conditions or contractor/subcontractor practices could make it necessary to install more controls than were originally planned. For example, localized concentrations of surface runoff or unusually steep areas could require additional silt barrier or other structural controls. Assessing the need for and installing additional controls will be a continuing contractor/subcontractor responsibility until final stabilization is achieved. Contractors and subcontractors implementing this SWPPP must remain alert to the need to periodically refine and update this SWPPP in order to accomplish the

Notice of Termination:

intended goals.

Compliance of the site with the General Construction Permit remains the responsibility of all operators that have submitted an NOI until such time as they have submitted a Notice of Termination (NOT). The permittee's authorization

All permittees must submit an NOT within thirty (30) days after one or more of the following conditions have been

 Final stabilization has been achieved on all portions of the site for which the permittee was responsible. 2. Another operator/permittee has assumed control over all areas of the site that have not been finally stabilized. 3. In residential construction operations, temporary stabilization has been completed and the residence has been

Since the entire site is under a single ownership, there are not any individual building lots.

No proposed uses are associated with this project at this time. Therefore no post construction water quality BMP's

No proposed uses are associated with this project at this time. Therefore no post construction water quality BMP's

C3 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED POST—CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER QUALITY MEASURES:

Grading and Drainage Top soil will be placed in lawn areas and seeded with grass and graded; not to exceed 3:1 slopes. These Bio areas wil

Good Housekeeping measures:

C4 LOCATION, DIMENSIONS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS OF EACH STORMWATER QUALITY MEASURE:

No proposed uses are associated with this project at this time. Therefore no post construction water quality BMP's

to discharge under the General Construction Permit terminates at midnight of the day the NOT is signed.

transferred to the homeowner. B15 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL BUILDING LOTS:

C1 DESCRIPTION OF POLLUTANTS AND THEIR SOURCES ASSOCIATED WITH THE PROPOSED LAND USE:

fertilizer overspray can be incorporated by the owner.

C2 SEQUENCE DESCRIBING STORMWATER QUALITY MEASURE IMPLEMENTATION:

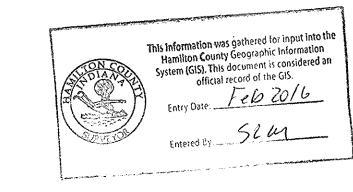
are proposed.

act as a natural filter strip to help improve storm water quality. The vegetated areas will slow the velocities of storm water runoff, reduce sediment runoff, and reduce problems associated with mud or dust from bare soils.

Good Housekeeping measures such as regular street sweeping, installation of trash receptacles, and reduction in

No proposed uses are associated with this project at this time. Therefore no post construction water quality BMP's

C5_DESCRIPTION_OF_MAINTENANCE_GUIDELINES FOR_POST—CONSTRUCTION_STORMWATER_QUALITY_MEASURES:



DRAWN BY: CHK'D BY: BNS JOB NO. 2012.00089 **REVISIONS**

2013.05.31

STRUCTURE

BOMFIED BY

PLAN

NOILN

PREVI

POLLUTION

4

3

TORM

S

ROSSINSHWAY

TERRY 8693 E. AV

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as any party meeting either of the following requirements:

modifications to those plans and specifications.

Refer to Site Plan

A4 VICINITY MAP:

Refer to Title Sheet

Record Description:

Commencing at the Southwest comer of the Southwest Quarter of Section 32, Township 19 North, Range 5 East; thence North 11. Seed the perimeter of the site.

05120201070070

The ultimate receiving water is Stony Creek.

A15 ADJACENT LAND USE:

A17 IDENTIFICATION OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVERS

Soil information from the county Soil Survey is on the Erosion Control Plan. This site has Brookston silty clay loam, Miami silt

The suitability of the soils for shallow excavations ranges from somewhat to very limited. The on-site soil will be treated as installation of a geofabric within or under the pavement system, or treatment of the subgrade with lime.

A8 STATE AND FEDERAL WATER QUALITY PERMITS:

South: Commercial/Vacant West: Commerciall

ம் i loam, and Orthent soils. recommended by the geotechnical engineer if the conditions are unsuitable for the payement system. Remedial treatments may include, but are not limited to, removal of unsuitable soil and backfilling with engineered material,

A3 PROJECT NARRATIVE:

D*

E*

5" | 4'-3" | 6'-2" | 2'-0" | 1.3 | 10 1/8"

11" | 4'-1" | 6'-2" | 3'-0" | 1.8 | 15 1/2"

11" | 3'-6" | 6'-3" | 3'-6" | 2.1 | 16 1/8" |

27" | 3 1/4" | 13" | 2'-5" | 6'-3" | 4'-6" | 2.6 | 18 3/16" | 14 1/2" | 2100

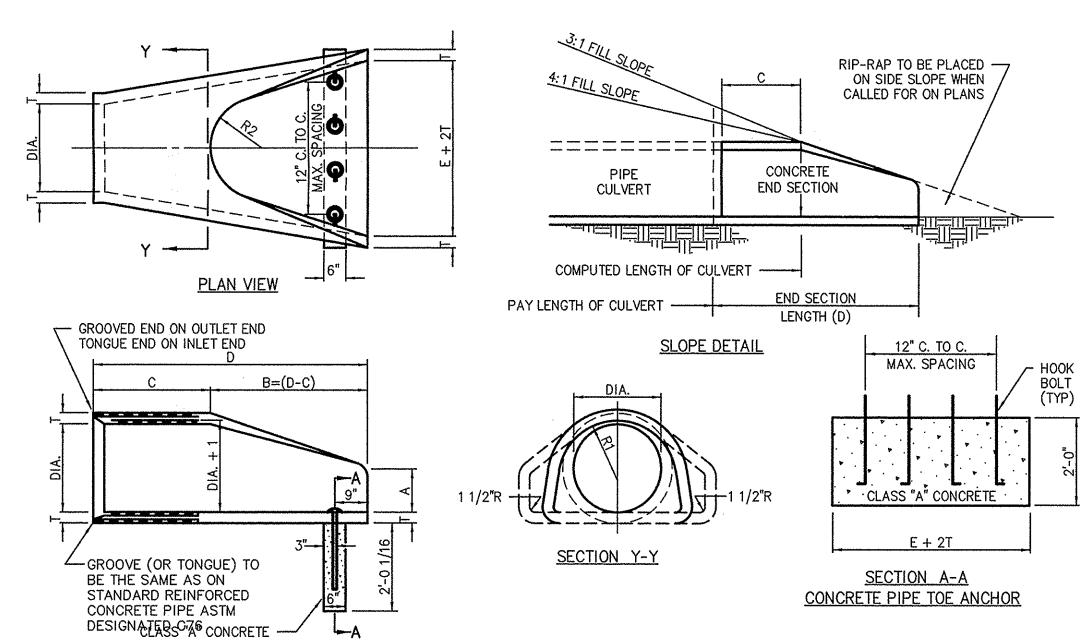
30" | 3 1/2" | 14" | 1'-10" | 6'-3" | 5'-0" | 2.9 | 18 1/2" | 15" | 2400

33" | 3 3/4" | 15" | 3'-6" | 8'-3" | 5'-6" | 3.1 | 23 3/4" | 17 1/2" | 4100

36" 4" 17" 3'-1" 8'-3" 6'-0" 3.4 24 3/16" 20" 4200

12" | 2'-8" | 6'-3" | 4'-0" | 2.3 | 16 3/16" | 14" | 1800

15" | 2 1/4" | 7" | 4'-0" | 6'-3" | 2'-6" | 1.5 | 12 1/2" | 11"



CONCRETE IN THESE END SECTIONS SHALL BE THE SAME GRADE AND STRENGTH AS SPECIFIED FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION C-76 (as set out in standard specifications.)

REINFORCEMENT IN THE "C" PORTION SHALL BE THE SAME AS SPECIFIED FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE, A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION C-76 FOR THE SIZE OF CONNECTING PIPE. (as set out in standard specifications.)

LONGITUDINAL SECTION

REINFORCEMENT IN THE "B" PORTION SHALL HAVE A CROSS SECTIONAL AREA EQUAL TO THAT OF ONE LAYER OF STEEL IN THE "C" PORTION.

THE END OF THE PIPE CULVERT SHALL BE PLACED IN THE CONCRETE END SECTION SO THAT THE FLOW LINES ARE FLUSH. THE JOINT SHALL BE COMPLETELY FILLED

IN 3:1 OR 4:1 FILL SLOPE, CHANGE TO THE SLOPE OF THE END SECTION IN A SMOOTH, PLEASING TRANSITION APPROXIMATELY 10'-0" IN LENGTH.

VARIATIONS IN DIMENSIONS - THE THICKNESS OR THE CONCRETE, THE POSITION OF STEEL, AND THE INTERNAL DIAMETER OF THE PIPE SHALL CONFORM WITH THE VARIATIONS IN DIMENSIONS AS PROVIDED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE CULVERT, STORM DRAIN, AND SEWER PIPE, A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION C-76.

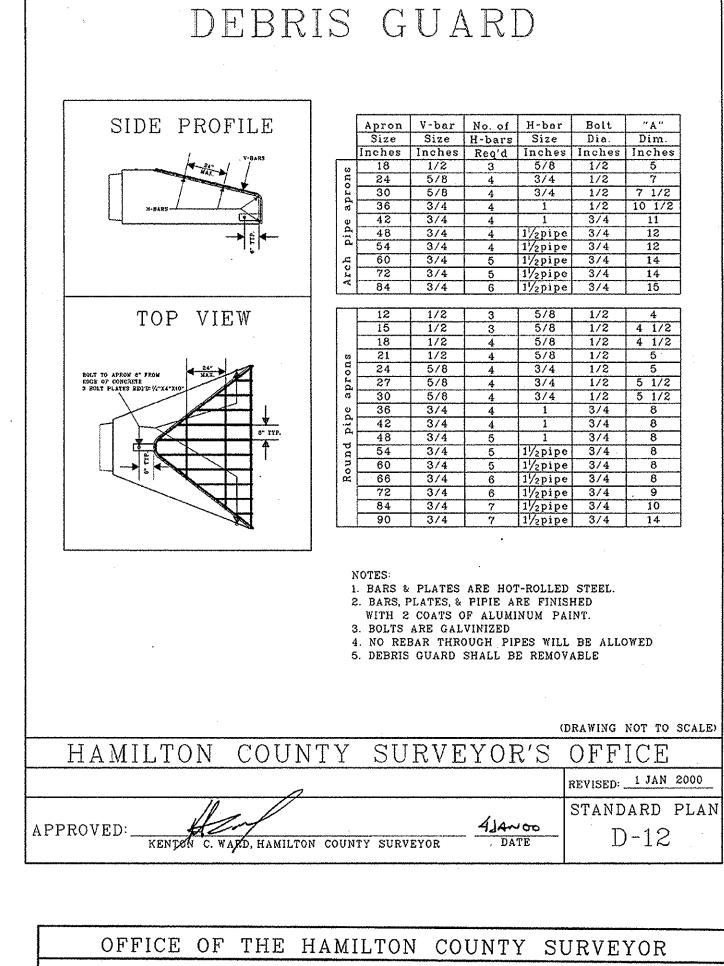
WHERE VITRIFIED CLAY CULVERT OR CAST IRON CULVERT PIPE IS USED, A "PIPE END SECTION" COMPARABLE TO THAT AS SHOWN FOR METAL OR CONCRETE SHALL BE FURNISHED AND SHALL BE AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. EXCEPT IN AREAS

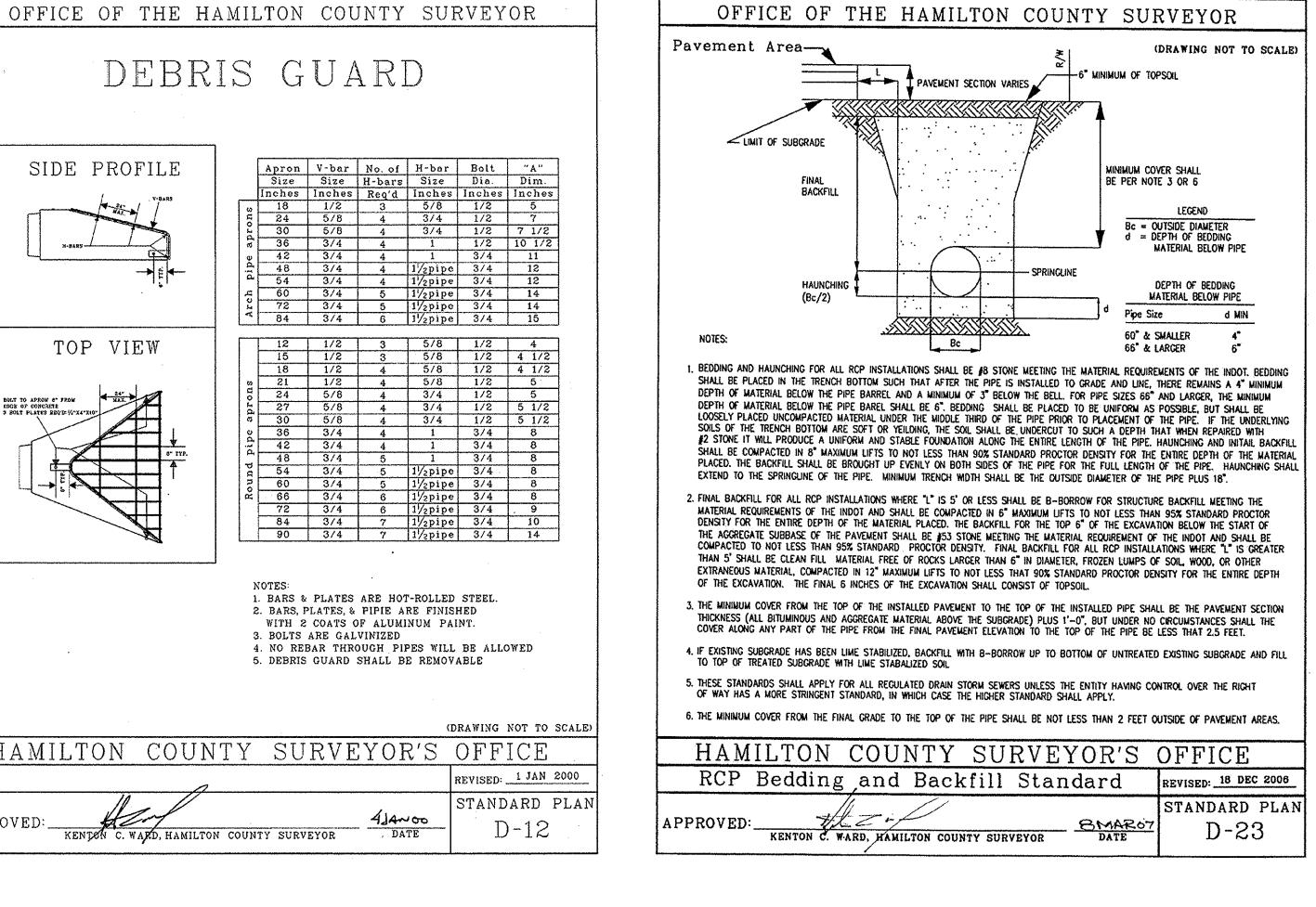
OF ACID OR MINE WATER, THEN THE USE OF METAL END SECTION IS PROHIBITED. CONCRETE PIPE TOE ANCHORS SHALL BE REQUIRED ON ALL CONCRETE PIPE END

PRECAST CONCRETE END SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

* TOLERANCE ±1"





CENTIFIED BY

2013.05.31

DRAWN BY: JCS

CHK'D BY: BNS

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REVISIONS

SHEET NO.

